

Academic Year	Content. Unit title and brief outline of content.	Skills taught in each unit.	Assessment – what knowledge and skills will be assessed and how?
<u>Year; 7</u>			skins will be assessed and now.
Rationale	The purpose of this is to provide students with a 1000 year overview of how specific pieces of legislation, particular events and people have shaped the Britain, our modern world and how we live today. They will understand how and why there has been a shift in power from the monarch to the government and its people, so that they know that William 1 was a king with absolute power in 1066 and Elizabeth II is a figurehead presiding over a democratic nation in 2019. Students will also appreciate how Britain has evolved from this rule of law, into a democracy with an awareness of the religious changes with shaped the country, so how Britain was a majority Catholic nation, becoming one which is more diverse from a religious point-of-view. They will see who the key figures and events were, especially in the c16th driving such change. Additionally, students will see how and why the role of women has changed over the centuries and how particular women were important in influencing these changes. Year 7 focuses on these changes in Britain so they lessons are planned and sequenced chronologically each term. This ensures that over the course of the year, students understand how and why change took place over the millennium, starting with Rule of Law, then Democracy and Religion and finally Mutual Respect & Liberty in the summer term, with a special focus on women. It also means that connections can be made between political, social, economic and religious change.		
Autumn A	England pre 1066 What was Anglo-Saxon life like? How and Why did the Anglo-Saxons migrate around England?	Writing cogently Reading critically Source Analysis Causation Significance Change and Continuity Similarity and Difference This term will provide the foundation for these skills that they may/may not have acquired in primary school	Source Analysis- Using artefacts, how did Anglo-Saxons migrate?
Autumn B	England after 1066 Who were the contenders to the throne? Why did William win the Battle of Hastings? What were the techniques used in the Battle?	Writing cogently Reading critically Source Analysis Causation Significance	Essay- Why did William win the Battle of Hastings



		Change and Continuity	
		Similarity and Difference	
Spring A	William's Methods of Control	Writing cogently	Cumulative Assessment- All Skills
	How did William control England?	Reading critically	
	What was the Harrying of the North?	Source Analysis	
	What was William's most effective method?	Causation	
	What was the Domesday Book?	Significance	
		Interpretations	
		Change and Continuity	
		Similarity and Difference	
Spring B	Medieval Realms	Writing cogently	Project- Pilgrimage booklet
	Why was Religion important in 1066?	Reading critically	
	What was a pilgrimage	Source Analysis	
	What were the crusades?	Causation	
		Significance	
		Change and Continuity	
		Similarity and Difference	
Summer A	Medieval Realms	Writing cogently	Interpretations- Was John a bad
	What are the causes/ consequences of the	Reading critically	king?
	Black Death?	Source Analysis	
	How did it effect England?	Causation	
	What was the Peasants Revolt	Significance	
	Was King John a good/bad king?	Change and Continuity	
	Who was Thomas Becket?	Similarity and Difference	
Summer B	The Tudors	Writing cogently	
	What are the interpretations of Henry VII?	Reading critically	All Skills- End of Year Assessment
	Why did Henry VIII break from Rome?	Source Analysis	
	How successful was Henry VIII?	Causation	
	Was Mary really 'Bloody'?	Significance	
	Why is Elizabeth seen as 'our greatest	Change and Continuity	
	monarch'?	Interpretations	
		Similarity and Difference	



Academic Year <u>Year; 8</u>	Content. Unit title and brief outline of content.	Skills taught in each unit.	Assessment – what knowledge and skills will be assessed and how?	
Rationale	Year 8 builds on this knowledge by providing a broader world perspective, but using the same 3 themes as a basis: Rule of Law, Democracy, and Mutual Respect & Liberty. By starting with Empire and Slavery the students will see how the changes within Britain which took place (learnt in Y7), had a wider reach and impact. In Spring term, they will learn about both world wars and how they dramatically altered life for so many around the world, leading into SOW on the Rise of Communism, the Holocaust and the Middle East. The intention of these 3 years of study, is to provide a broad content base, but one which enables the students to understand more about how the modern world came to be. This then feeds into content and skills required for KS4 and KS5. They key skills/historical concepts required are: cause and consequence, significance, continuity and change, along-side source analysis and evaluation of interpretations. KS3 lessons and assessments will be designed to build these GCSE and A' Level skills from the start of high school, so that students are very comfortable and familiar with what is required of them later on in their studies. In KS3 the skills requirements are built into each lesson (and assessments) so that there is a constant acquisition and refinement of skills. 6 weekly projects will also form part of the homework requirements across KS3, such as for the Holocaust and Empire SOW. The intention here is to allow students to develop their planning and research skills, combined with presentation skills, which is particularly useful when it comes to the coursework element of A' Level.			
Autumn A	Decolonising EducationWriting cogentlySource Analysis- WindrushHow have the lives of BAME changed in the UK?Reading criticallyGenerationDo we have historical evidence for systemic prejudice and discrimination?Source AnalysisGenerationWhat is the Windrush Generation?SignificanceHange and Continuity Similarity and DifferenceHange and Difference			
Autumn B	The StuartsWho was Charles I?Why were there issues between Charles andParliament?What was the Interregnum period?Who was Oliver Cromwell?What was the Glorious Revolution?	Writing cogently Reading critically Source Analysis Causation Significance Change and Continuity Similarity and Difference	Interpretations- What is the historical opinion of Oliver Cromwell?	



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Spring A	The British Empire	Writing cogently	Cumulative Assessment – Half Year
	To what extent was the British Empire a	Reading critically	Checkpoint- All skills
	positive force throughout the world?	Source Analysis	
	Why did the British Empire end?	Causation	
	What was the Indian Mutiny?	Significance	
	What was the legacy of the British Empire?	Interpretations	
		Change and Continuity	
		Similarity and Difference	
Spring B	The 20 <sup>th</sup> Century World – WW1	Writing cogently	Essay- What is the most important
	Why did World War One break out in 1914?	Reading critically	cause of WW1?
	What were the MAIN causes?	Source Analysis	
	Who was Archduke Franz Ferdinand?	Causation	
		Significance	
		Change and Continuity	
		Similarity and Difference	
Summer A	The 20 <sup>th</sup> Century World - Suffrage for	Writing cogently	Causation/ Significance Suffrage-
	Women	Reading critically	How did Women get the vote
	Why did women win the right to vote in 1918?	Source Analysis	Essay?
	What is the differences between the	Causation	
	suffragists and suffragettes?	Significance	
	What methods did they use?	Change and Continuity	
	Were they 'terrorists' or 'martyrs'?	Similarity and Difference	
Summer B	Local Study	Writing cogently	All Skills- End of Year Assessment
	How was Wimbledon affected by WW1?	Reading critically	
	Was the Suffrage movement present in	Source Analysis	
	Merton?	Causation	
	How has South West London changed over	Significance	
	time?	Change and Continuity	
		Interpretations	
		Similarity and Difference	



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<u>Year; 9</u>			
Rationale	This feeds into content and skills required for I consequence, significance, continuity and chan assessments will be designed to build these GC comfortable and familiar with what is required lesson (and assessments) so that there is a con the homework requirements across KS3, such a develop their planning and research skills, com coursework element of A' Level.	ge, along-side source analysis and evaluation SE and A' Level skills from the start of high sch of them later on in their studies. In KS3 the sl stant acquisition and refinement of skills. 6 w as for the Holocaust and Empire SOW. The int	of interpretations. KS3 lessons and bool, so that students are very kills requirements are built into each eekly projects will also form part of ention here is to allow students to
Autumn A	Russian Revolution and Communism Who were the Bolsheviks? Why did the Revolution happen? Who was Lenin? How did Communism affect Korea/Vietnam?	Writing cogently Reading critically Source Analysis Causation Significance Change and Continuity Interpretations Similarity and Difference	Essay- Rise of Communism
Autumn B	1920s America What issues were being faced in America at the time? What America like post WW1? Was is it a time of prosperity? Why did groups like the KKK rise? What was Prohibition	Writing cogently Reading critically Source Analysis Causation Significance Change and Continuity Interpretations Similarity and Difference	Source Analysis- 1920s America
Spring A	Causes of WW2 How the Treaty of Versailles cause WW2?	Writing cogently Reading critically	Essay- What is the most important reason WW2 was caused?



	How did Aggression from Japan and Italy	Source Analysis	
	cause WW2?	Causation	
	What was the policy of appeasement?	Significance	
	Why did the League of Nations fail?	Change and Continuity	
		Interpretations	
		Similarity and Difference	
Spring B	Holocaust	Writing cogently	Holocaust Reflection Journal
	What is the Holocaust?	Reading critically	
	What were the events?	Source Analysis	
	Why should it be remembered?	Causation	
		Significance	
		Change and Continuity	
		Interpretations	
		Similarity and Difference	
Summer A	Post War Britain	Writing cogently	Swinging Sixties Interpretation
	How was the NHS Formed?	Reading critically	
	Was it the Swinging Sixties?	Source Analysis	
	How have Race Relations changed?	Causation	
		Significance	
		Change and Continuity	
		Interpretations	
		Similarity and Difference	
Summer B	Paper 2: Superpower Relations	Consequences: the ability to identify,	End of Year Exam
	Who were the Superpowers?	evidence and explain consequences of key	
	Why is it called the Cold War?	events	
	How close was the word to Mutually Assured		
	Destruction?	Narrative: the ability to show how key	
		events linked together through cause,	
		event and consequence, through	
		evidencing and explanation	
		Importance: The ability to show how one	
		event was important in leading to a	



		consequence, through evidencing and justifying importance Skills taught in each unit.	
Academic Year	Content. Unit title and brief outline of content.	Skills taught in each unit.	Assessment – what knowledge and skills will be assessed and how?
<u>Year; 10</u>			
Rationale			
Autumn A			
Autumn B			
Spring A			
Spring B			
Summer A			
Summer B			



Academic Year	Content and rationale.	Skills taught in each unit.	Assessment – how will the
<u>Year 11</u>	Unit title and brief outline of content.		knowledge and skills be assessed?
Rationale			
Autumn A			
Autumn B			
Spring A			
Spring B			
Summer term: End of KS readiness for the 6 <sup>th</sup> form	Key Knowledge studied at KS4 that will be useful for the 6 <sup>th</sup> form	Summary of the main core skills taught at KS4 that can be reactivated at KS5	