

URSULINE HIGH SCHOOL Wimbledon

Teaching & Learning Policy

May 2022

ACTING HEADTEACHER MR EOIN KELLY BA (HONS), MSC, PGCE

URSULINE HIGH SCHOOL CRESCENT ROAD WIMBLEDON LONDON SW20 8HA

E-MAIL: enquiries@ursulinehigh.merton.sch.uk WEBSITE: www.ursulinehigh.merton.sch.uk "Do something, get moving. Be confident, risk new things, stick with it and then be ready for big surprises!" St Angela

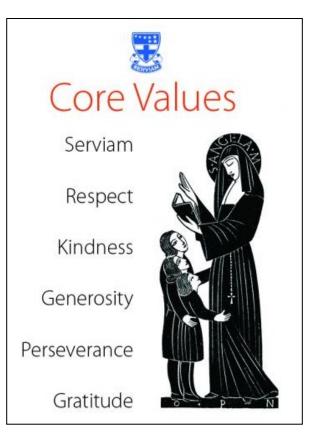
Our Mission

Inspired by the life and work of Saint Angela Merici, our Ursuline school commits itself to education for tomorrow's world within the dynamic tradition of Catholic belief and practice.

As a Christian community, characterised by a spirit of respect, trust and joy, we promote excellence in every aspect of life, thereby fully developing each individual.

Aims

- Set standards of excellence in teaching and learning and to provide a broad, balanced and relevant curriculum.
- Develop personal qualities of understanding of self and others, self-discipline and motivation, responsibility, maturity, creative freedom and integrity.
- So Foster an attitude of respect for all regardless of age, race, colour, creed or gender.
- Build peace, promote justice, social concern and, through the celebration of difference, the equality of all people.
- Widen horizons, encourage a sense of commitment and service to the wider world, and to enable each one to go on learning and changing all through life.



Promoting Catholic Social Teaching through our Mission Statement, Values and Leavers Profile.

By the time they leave the Ursuline, our students live out the values of St Angela by:

Being willing in the spirit of Serviam to develop their gifts and talents for the good of others and those most in need.

H

Being able to recognise the uniqueness of individuals by showing respect and love for all while building a community based on the common good.

H

Being kind, compassionate, strong and confident women of faith with high aspirations for themselves and others.

¥

Being able to adapt to the sign of the times whilst understanding what really matters in life.

Y h

Being able to understand their role in the stewardship of the environment.

At the heart of everything in this policy is student voice.

Students tell us what works, what doesn't, what's important to them and what they need to grow into confident, successful women and we listen.

This policy is informed by that voice.

This policy links closely with the Curriculum Policy, which details how subject curricula may be sequenced, implemented and evaluated. References to the Curriculum Policy may be found through the Teaching and Learning Policy.

<u>Abstract.</u>

There is a clear teaching pedagogy at UHS, focused around Challenge, Checking the learning (AfL), Consolidation, Context and a Culture of Encounter (our 5Cs). Our SOLs are designed to provide an extensive range of different activities that enable students to access the material from a variety of different teaching styles. The KS3 curriculum is designed to give a strong learning foundation, focusing on knowledge, understanding and skill, sequencing the work so that a greater depth of understanding can be acquired. This is then built upon in KS4. Our learning conferences give students an opportunity to understand and use the language for learning that enables staff to engage in a deeper manner with the subject content through a variety of teaching styles. Staff design the SOLs around their subject expertise to facilitate a wider range of memorable learning experiences.

Our subject leaders ensure that the content delivered is challenging and deepens the students' understanding of the subject area while delivering skills that can be used across the whole of the curriculum to create a connective tissue between subjects.

Real emphasis is placed on the teaching of individual subjects, which enables students to acquire knowledge and skills that are transferable. We have a clear language for learning where students learn how to learn. This is done through learning conferences, which also teaches soft skills, and SOLs. Staff are informed through TED talks and CPD on these same strategies and so there is a common language used in all lessons.

We have a strong culture of evidence informed practice at UHS and use the appropriate research for each of the different curriculum strands. For Teaching and Learning, we use research from the Sutton Trust, Hattie, EEF, IEE and always engage with new research that supports our teaching practice. In order that teachers continue to develop their knowledge, subject understanding and craft, we have a CPD programme with strong links to external agencies and internal sessions. These sessions are based around identified needs in T&L and pedagogy. Through our Appraisal process, staff are encouraged to reflect on areas of development and we provide CPD to meet those needs.

The pillars of Teaching and Learning at Ursuline High School are based on the 5Cs.

The 5 Cs are a tool devised to streamline planning, ensure consistency, allow subject specific pedagogy and enable staff to focus on engaging and inspiring teaching practice.

The 5Cs are:

- *i.* Challenge.
- ii. Checking the learning.
- iii. Consolidation.
- iv. Context.
- v. Culture of encounter.

For further details of the evidence for the impact of each of the Cs, please check the Appendix.

The 5Cs form the basis of our Teaching and Learning pedagogy at Ursuline High School, though each department utilises research informed subject specific pedagogy to ensure that subject specific needs are met in an engaging, passionate and challenging teaching style that enables all students to make progress and develop a love of learning.

Retrieval practice and Assessment

<u>Assessment</u>

For further details on Assessment, please check the assessment policy and the curriculum policy.

Assessments are used primarily by staff to determine misconceptions, gaps in learning and skills and then support the teacher in their planning to close those gaps immediately.

Assessments are used by students to reflect on their learning so that they may understand where their gaps are.

Assessment, both formative and summative has a clear role in the learning process in ensuring that all students are acquiring the appropriate level of understanding and support. Students have clear targets and each department has clear standards criteria at each level. Students know that their target is the least that they should achieve and are encouraged to aim higher. A student with a Gold target at KS3 would be expected to aim for Platinum.

AfL is especially important and uses a variety of different assessments to gauge progress and understanding. Checking the learning during the lesson is fundamental to closing gaps in misconceptions before the student leaves the classroom.

Students receive detailed feedback every two weeks on a piece of work that enables the student to make progress and deepens the learning. Staff use assessments to tailor their teaching to ensure that they are meeting the needs of every student. Staff have made banks of appropriate feedback responses to set assessments or marked work and this maintains consistency and ensures that all students are challenged.

Increased emphasis is placed on developing student's long-term memory and the retention of knowledge through consolidation and interleaving. The SOLs have been redesigned to provide more consolidation activities and the Units have been reassessed to determine the best sequence of interleaving work. We have two summative assessments in the calendar and these provide opportunity to revisit work and build on long term memory skills. The learning conferences provide students with an opportunity to develop these skills as part of our language for learning and to use effective techniques throughout the course and not just as part of active revision.

Blended learning

For further details of digital learning, please consult our digital learning policy.

We use our Virtual Learning Environment, powered by Microsoft Teams in conjunction with our unique lap top scheme to ensure that every student has access to the curriculum at all times. Every student has their own laptop as does every member of staff.

The quality of teaching and learning is at the heart of digitisation and should always take precedence over the method or delivery platform.

Our blended learning strategy is built around 3 core pillars:

- *i.* Quality first teaching based on the 5Cs
- *ii.* MS Teams, Assignments and Class NoteBook
- iii. Using our incubator school status to remain at the cutting edge of how technology can enhance teaching and prepare our students for life in the 21st Century.

Blended learning mixes the key principles of quality first face to face teaching with cutting edge technology. Each class has their own MS Team and OneNote space and all resources are placed there for anytime access. Staff are on a virtuous CPD cycle of increasing their skill set to deliver more integrated technology from VR Headsets to Drones, 3D printers and Minecraft Education.

Our Digital Vision informs our teaching and planning: a future orientated and globally informed curriculum that prepares our students with the skills for lifelong learning, life and work in a globally connected society.

OneNote

- This can be instigated by Senior Leader, Head of department or key stage coordinator
 - ✓ PLASTIC COVER ON EVERY BOOK.
 - ✓ TRACKER SHEET GLUED INSIDE FRONT COVER.
 - ✓ THE "BIG PICTURE" SHEET FOR EACH UNIT GLUED IN AT THE START OF <u>EVERY</u> UNIT. THIS SHOULD ALSO CONTAIN LOCAL CONTEXT INFORMATION.
 - ✓ WORK CLEARLY INDICATES WHERE ANY MATCHING RESOURCES WILL BE FOUND ON ONENOTE.
 - ✓ SOME WORKSHEETS CAN BE GLUED INTO EXERCISE BOOKS IF NECESSARY (DIAGRAMS TO ANNOTATE ETC.)
 - ✓ EXTENDED WRITING TO ALWAYS BE IN THE BOOK.
 - ✓ STUDENTS COMPLETE FEEDBACK SHEETS FOR ANY WORK MARKED ONLINE AND GLUE INTO CORRECT PLACE IN BOOK.
 - ✓ ANY WRITTEN EMBS TO BE GLUED IN AT THE END OF EACH UNIT/RELEVANT

- ✓ ALL WORKSHEETS TO BE IN RELEVANT AREA ON ONENOTE
- ✓ ALL ONENOTE BOOKS TO FOLLOW THE SAME FORMAT (SEE BELOW)
- NON-EXTENDED WRITING TASKS (EMBS & HWK) TO USE
 ASSIGNMENTS – STUDENTS TO
 COMPLETE FEEDBACK SHEET USING STAFF FEEDBACK.
- ✓ ONLINE TEXTBOOKS ARE ENCOURAGED TO ALLOW ACCESS OUTSIDE OF SCHOOL.
- ✓ COLLABORATION SPACE, WHITEBOARD APP, BREAKOUT ROOMS CAN STILL BE USED TO IMPROVE ENGAGEMENT.
- ✓ LESSON ON TEAMS IF A STUDENT IS ISOLATING

ALL SEATING PLANS TO BE ON MEGA SEATING PLAN TO ENSURE CONSISTENCY AND SAVE TIME FOR STAFF

Blended Learning at Ursuline High School.

A focus on quality first, research informed teaching underpinned by the 5Cs

The fortnightly marked piece of work can be done online or <u>OneNote Sections</u>: separate section for each unit (each worksheet clearly titled), Homework, Revision Materials, EMBs.

in the exercise book. Feedback should be visible in the book, either through the IT feedback sheet that the students complete or through written feedback in the book.

Blended Learning (Sixth Form)

Blended learning is integral to the Sixth Form.

For each of their subjects, students will organise their work in the following way:

In physical folders:

- EMB tracker, completed each time an assessed piece of work is returned.
- All EMB assessments
- Assessment feedback sheets for marked pieces of work (fortnightly)
- Copies of Personalised Learning Checklists, updated after key assessments
- The Big Picture sheets for each unit of work
- All written classwork, dated and linked back to appropriate online resource
- All homework, dated and 'green penned'
- Independent Learning work
- Wider Reading Booklet

On Teams / OneNote

- All worksheets saved in the appropriate section for each unit of work
- In the Revision Materials, there will be
 - The specification
 - Outline of work for each term of a student version of the schemes of learning
 - Past papers, a bank of exam questions & examiners' report

Subject teachers will check student files every half term.

Further monitoring will also be carried out by Sixth Form leaders, Heads of Year, Heads of Department (HODs) and Key Stage Co-ordinators (KSCs).

Independent Learning (IL) Lessons in the Sixth Form

In addition to the taught lessons, students will have at least one timetabled independent learning lesson for every course they study. Attendance to the IL lessons is compulsory.

HOD/KSCs will set IL work for every lesson, which students will complete in their Study Centre with their Study Supervisor.

From September 2022, Year 12 students are also scheduled one additional Wider Reading lesson, during which they will complete wider reading tasks which will deepen and broaden their knowledge and understanding of the subjects they study.

Promoting Catholic Social Teaching through our Mission Statement, Values and Leavers Profile.

HODs/KSCs will produce a Wider Reading booklet for students to complete tasks during the Wider Reading lesson.

Equities Diversity and Inclusion

The 5th C is fundamental to our commitment to provide a true catholic education for our students where everyone is celebrated.

The aim is to create a teaching environment in which:

- Staff and students are confident in exploring, confronting and challenging racial justice.
- A broad range of perspectives from those of varying racial identities are celebrated and freely shared.
- All students begin to explore and understand the cultural, ethnic and religious history of Britain.
- All students see a range of people of different racial identities in every subject and are able to appreciate the contribution they have made to specific areas of the curriculum.

As a central pillar to our teaching, staff have edited their SOLs to be more inclusive and is now a core part of our appraisal process.

Every student has their own laptop and those without internet access at home are provided with a dongle to ensure that every student has the same opportunities.

Enrichment activities are monitored to ensure that all students are given equal access to them.

A clear LGBTQI+ policy ensures that every student feels safe at Ursuline High School.

Support staff / Teaching assistants are expected to:

- Evaluation Liaise with the classroom teacher to ensure that student specific strategies are used for students with identified needs and that they are deployed effectively in the classroom.
- >>> Support the student in their learning.
- ∞ Differentiate materials to support students accessing the curriculum.

- Support and advise staff on appropriate seating and placing within the learning environment.
- 80 Have excellent subject knowledge where they work in specialisms.
- 80 Have fundamental knowledge of how to support students with different learning needs.
- 🔊 Utilize the "universal strategies" in all of their work.
- >>> Teaching assistants are deployed effectively to support the learning and progress in the lesson.
- >>> Question students and check their learning.
- Support and encourage students, making sure that the student carries out the work to the best of their capability.

Disadvantaged Students:

- 80 Disadvantaged books & assessments are to be marked first.
- 80 Disadvantaged students to be known & labelled on Mega Seating Plan.

<u>Leadership</u>

Roles & Responsibilities

The Governors agree the Teaching and Learning Policy and monitor its implementation through the Curriculum Committee.

Senior Leadership Team: Assistant Head Teacher

- $\boldsymbol{\imath}$ Supports staff in delivering outstanding research informed teaching.
- ₺ Ensures that Teaching and Learning meets the needs of all learners in KS3, 4 & 5.
- Provides the strategy for Teaching and Learning using student voice and that of teaching staff.
- ∞ Monitors and reviews the implementation of the Teaching and Learning plan.
- 80 Supports the Strategic Quality of Education group.
- 80 Provides training & support for Teaching and Learning innovation.
- 80 Provides clear expectations of Teaching and Learning standards & delivery.
- 80 Ensures that Teaching and Learning is reviewed using Ofsted criteria.
- ∞ Conducts departmental reviews.
- ∞ Maintains an informed overview about the quality of teaching across each key stage.
- So Effectively uses strategic line management structures and systems to deliver consistency across the school.

Quality of Education Strategy Group

- ∞ Acts as a steering group for the half termly Key Stage Teaching & Learning meetings.
- ∞ Provides strategic direction in terms of pedagogy.

- >>>> Manages & leads on Teaching and Learning developments & innovation.
- 🔊 Ensures continuity & progression across the key stages.

Curriculum leaders

Curriculum leaders are expected to take ownership of their subject areas. They do this by ensuring that the teaching and assessment matches the curriculum intent and by evaluating the impact of this.

For details on the role of a curriculum leader in planning their curriculum, please refer to the Curriculum Policy.

<u>Curriculum Leaders are responsible for:</u>

- Sequencing and building the curriculum. Curriculum leaders are expected to sequence the curriculum so that there is a clear pathway from Ks3 to Ks5 in terms of content and skills. Curriculum Leaders develop a clear Intent and purpose for their subject and receive support to facilitate its implementation and evaluate the impact of this. Subject leaders will then support teaching staff in delivering this intent through the Schemes of Learning.
- Ensuring consistency in teaching and learning in their subject areas with clear subject specific pedagogy.
- Ensuring that staff give written feedback twice a half term and that the feedback deepens the learning of the students.
- Monitoring T&L through focus groups with students, book scrutiny and learning walks.
- Supporting and developing staff in their subject areas.
- ✓ Evaluate the impact of learning on students' progress.
- ✓ Using student voice to co construct the curriculum.

- Ensuring that department staff undergo relevant and timely CPD to develop subject and pedagogical knowledge.
- Making all SOLs at Ursuline High School meet the Gold Standard and that all subject staff are able to deliver this effectively through their teaching.

Teaching Staff

Teaching staff must:

- ∞ Endeavor to keep their curriculum, pedagogy and subject knowledge up to date at all times.
- 80 Follow the SOLs as laid out by the Curriculum Leads.
- 80 Provide written feedback the deepens the learning twice a half term.
- >>> Use assessments appropriately to plan their teaching and inform the success of delivery.
- So Make an effort to know every student and scaffold their planning accordingly to challenge every student to reach the ambitious end points.
- 80 Ensure that inclusivity is at the heart of all their teaching.
- 80 Create a welcoming and safe environment in which students can learn.
- 80 Check the learning of EVERY student in each lesson and follow a no hands up policy.
- Promote the values of Ursuline High School and Catholic Education in all of their teaching.
- ∞ Has high expectations of every student.
- 80 Enrich and deepen the learning of every student.
- 80 Use Mega Seating plan to seat every student alphabetically.
- 80 Follow the behavior policy in their classroom management.
- 80 Ensure high quality displays in the classroom environment.
- ∞ Circulate the classroom and engage with every student, not teach from the front.
- >>>> Should use TAs effectively to maximise impact.
- $\, \wp \,$ Value student voice in their teaching and plannine.
- Show an interest in their students and give every student an opportunity to share and engage with their own culture and that of others.

Promoting Catholic Social Teaching through our Mission Statement, Values and Leavers Profile.

Lesson expectations

Staff are expected to plan engaging lessons that best suit the class, taking into account knowing the students, the 5Cs and subject specific pedagogy.

However, to ensure consistency in teaching standards, the following expectations must also be present.

Seating plans;

- i. All students to be sat alphabetically on the first day with changes made as required by student need/BfL.
- ii. Seating plans to be created on Arbor and adhered to at all times.

Teaching

- i. Principle of 5Cs to be followed in every lesson. <u>Consolidation, Challenge, Checking the Learning, Context</u> <u>and Culture of Encounter</u>.
- ii. All students to line up outside the classroom and to enter quietly. Teacher to welcome on entry and take register immediately.
- iii. Challenging Learning Outcomes visible and referred to during the lesson.
- iv. Homework written in planners and checked by staff. Homework to adhere to the Homework Timetable.
- v. Teacher to circulate the classroom and engage with every student, not teach from the front.
- vi. Staff must use TAs effectively to maximise impact.
- vii. **Teachers to operate a no hands up policy** questions directed to students to challenge them and engage all.
- viii. Know your students SEN, Below ARE, Platinum, 7-9 etc.
- ix. Misconceptions identified and closed.
- x. Subject specific pedagogy clear and articulated by staff and students.
- xi. Evidence of interleaving through retrieval practice.
- xii. Teachers set the climate in the room: the climate should be welcoming, inclusive and safe.
- xiii. Students pack away when directed and stand behind chairs to be formally dismissed.

Books

- i. All books to be covered with sleeves provided.
- ii. All books to have a tracking sheet inside the front cover. Tracking sheet to be kept up to date by students.
- iii. Targets to be written on the tracking sheet. Year 7, 9 and 10 to have target added when they are released.
- iv. Work to be neat and well presented following guidelines in the planner.
- v. Missing work to be caught up work can be placed in MS Teams for students to access.
- vi. Evidence of green pen, specifically actioning feedback that deepens the learning.

Rooms

- i. Rooms to be kept tidy and promote a welcoming working environment for students.
- ii. Displays to be updated twice a year and follow school policy.
- iii. Tutor boards to be kept up to date.
- iv. Rooms to be locked when not in use by staff.
- v. Any problems with fixtures and fittings to be reported to site team.
- vi. Any IT problems must immediately be reported to ID3
- vii. Please shut down the projectors before leaving.

Student expectations

Students are expected to:

Attend their lessons on time.

- ✓ Bring all necessary books and equipment, including planner, laptop, mini whiteboard, green pen, ruler, rubber and calculator.
- ✓ Ensure that the laptop is fully charged at the start of each day.
- ✓ Complete all homework.
- Act on all feedback given by the teacher, including using green pen as directed.
- ✓ Be on task at all times and engaged with the learning.
- ✓ Listen to the teacher in silence.
- Contribute positively to discussions and ask questions.
- ✓ No chewing, eating or drinking.
- ✓ No coats are allowed in the classroom.
- ✓ Wear correct uniform.
- ✓ Obey all safety rules.
- ✓ Respect other people's views.
- Take pride in their books according to the expectations laid out in their planners.
- ✓ Engage in excellent behaviour for learning.
- Students will enter the classroom quietly, get their equipment out and start work as directed.
- ✓ At the end of the lesson, students will pack their equipment away only when directed and stand behind their chairs to be formally dismissed.

Students will participate in learning conferences, where the importance of metalearning is explained. This ranges from revision techniques, the importance of challenge, acting on feedback and excellent learning techniques.

The focus of these sessions is determined by student voice and our current T&L strategy.

Monitoring, review and evaluation

Ursuline High School is committed to ensuring that Teaching and Learning is evaluated and monitored to ensure that it is of the highest quality.

The following assessment measures are used regularly by SLT, HOF, HOD and Key stage coordinators:

- External observers
- Learning walks
- Student focus groups
- Student surveys and course evaluations
- Parental survey
- Book scrutiny by students and by individual teacher
- Analysis of data and performance of groups of students
- HOF/D to produce a half termly report outlining the quality of teaching and learning in their subject areas for SLT
- Termly report to governors

Learning walks

Each week a monitoring theme is identified and becomes the focus of learning walks. Post holders need to observe a targeted lesson and complete the proforma outlining specifically good practice seen and areas for development.

Feedback is given and the teacher's class revisited if necessary. All learning walks are recorded.

Each department submits a half termly summary of areas of strength and areas to develop. The areas of development are incorporated into Departmental development plan.

Middle leaders monitoring expectations

There should be 3 learning walks per HOF/HOD/KSc per half term with an even spread across each Key Stage. This does not include revisits or follow up observations.

A book scrutiny should include a sample of books & OneNote from each department using all groups of learners. One year group should be completed per half term. Over the course of one year, each Key Stage should be done twice.

Moderation of standards should include...

- a. 1 x Ks3 Spring A and Summer B
- b. 1 x Ks4 Autumn B and Summer B.
- c. 1 x Ks5 Autumn B, Spring B and Summer A.

You should keep all monitoring in a monitoring folder, which must be brought to line management meetings once per half-term.

All learning walks are to be copied and passed to Ks3&4 AHT Teaching and Learning and DHT Ks5.

The Enhancing Teacher Programme.

This is not part of the appraisal process and is used to provide deep and targeted support when needed. This will come into effect if concerns have been raised around the teaching practice of a member of staff and support is required beyond the normal systems of support. This is an informal process designed to provide support before any formal procedures need to begin.

Enhancing Teacher Programme: The Process.

Informal support

In the first instance, if there are concerns in department the line manager is asked to raise them with you in an honest and professional manner; they know that one of their duties is to monitor your progress and to address any concerns. Depending on the nature of the worries, this may be able to lead to a resolution without any further action. It is only if there is no impact that that the school might consider the **Enhancing Teachers Programme** procedure.

This should be initiated when there are Instances where the Teaching Standards are not being met.

It can be initiated by a Line Manager, Head of Faculty or Senior Leader.

ETP Mentor Action

You will be assigned a mentor through the process. The mentor raises any concerns that they or other teacher colleagues have about your progress at the **weekly mentor meeting**, where it is discussed and appropriate targets and actions agreed. The aim of this is to support you in reaching your goals. This may include CPD, observing other practitioners, joint planning or any other relevant strategies.

Your targets are monitored and reviewed at each weekly mentor meeting. This is recorded on the Weekly Training Sheet. Your mentor will also observe your teaching and provide timely and concise feedback that will aid your development.

Many issues should be resolvable within **a limited timespan** but some e.g. aspects of subject knowledge or classroom practice may take longer to show significant process BUT there should be some progress over the 3 – 6 week period that the support programme is in place.

The kinds of actions which may be appropriate include:

- ✓ Setting clear and unambiguous short-term achievable targets.
- ✓ Ensuring there is consistent guidance about action to be taken.
- Ensuring the teaching load is appropriate.
- Ensuring classes being taught are appropriate.
- ✓ Arranging for the teacher to work alongside an experienced teacher in a support role for

example, leading specific sessions of the lesson in order to allow them to work to their strengths and hence develop successful practice. Observing other colleagues in the department.

- Arranging for the teacher to work with a teacher to provide support for specific pupils who will benefit from additional support or extension activities.
- ✓ Providing extra support in developing the trainee's subject knowledge
- ✓ Arranging for additional, focused observation perhaps outside as well as inside the department in order to develop the trainee's understanding of good teaching in practice.
- ✓ Ensuring appropriate CPD takes place i.e. behaviour management, differentiation, AFL etc.
- ✓ Joint planning.
- Observation of different teaching strategies on targeted classes. This could be any particular class the teacher needs support with.
- Expert practitioner observations on key areas of development.
- ✤ Joint learning walks.
- ✓ Support and planning on using Universal Strategies for SEND students.

Teaching standards.

For achieving QTS, a teacher must:

Set high expectations which inspire, motivate and	Adapt teaching to respond to the strengths and needs of
challenge pupils	all pupils

 establish a safe and stimulating environment for pupils, rooted in mutual respect set goals that stretch and challenge pupils of all backgrounds, abilities and dispositions demonstrate consistently the positive attitudes, values and behaviour which are expected of pupils. 	 know when and how to differentiate appropriately, using approaches which enable pupils to be taught effectively have a secure understanding of how a range of factors can inhibit pupils' ability to learn, and how best to overcome these demonstrate an awareness of the physical, social and intellectual development of children, and know how to adapt teaching to support pupils' education at different stages of development have a clear understanding of the needs of all pupils, including those with special educational needs; those of high ability; those with English as an additional language; those with disabilities; and be able to use and evaluate distinctive teaching approaches to engage and support them.
Promote good progress and outcomes by pupils	Make accurate and productive use of assessment
 be accountable for pupils' attainment, progress and outcomes be aware of pupils' capabilities and their prior knowledge, and plan teaching to build on these guide pupils to reflect on the progress they have made and their emerging needs demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how pupils learn and how this impacts on teaching encourage pupils to take a responsible and conscientious attitude to their own work and study 	 know and understand how to assess the relevant subject and curriculum areas, including statutory assessment requirements make use of formative and summative assessment to secure pupils' progress use relevant data to monitor progress, set targets, and plan subsequent lessons give pupils regular feedback, both orally and through accurate marking, and encourage pupils to respond to the feedback
	the feedback.
Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge	Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment
 Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge have a secure knowledge of the relevant subject(s) and curriculum areas, foster and maintain pupils' interest in the subject, and address misunderstandings demonstrate a critical understanding of developments in the subject and curriculum areas, and promote the value of scholarship 	Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment ✓ have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school's behaviour policy ✓ have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a
 Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge have a secure knowledge of the relevant subject(s) and curriculum areas, foster and maintain pupils' interest in the subject, and address misunderstandings demonstrate a critical understanding of developments in the subject and curriculum areas, and promote the 	Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment ✓ have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school's behaviour policy
 Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge have a secure knowledge of the relevant subject(s) and curriculum areas, foster and maintain pupils' interest in the subject, and address misunderstandings demonstrate a critical understanding of developments in the subject and curriculum areas, and promote the value of scholarship demonstrate an understanding of and take responsibility for promoting high standards of literacy, articulacy and the correct use of standard English, whatever the teacher's specialist subject if teaching early reading, demonstrate a clear understanding of systematic synthetic phonics if teaching early mathematics, demonstrate a clear 	 Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment Ave clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school's behaviour policy Ave high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly Amage classes effectively, using approaches which are appropriate to pupils' needs in order to involve and motivate them Amage classes authority, and act decisively when
 Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge have a secure knowledge of the relevant subject(s) and curriculum areas, foster and maintain pupils' interest in the subject, and address misunderstandings demonstrate a critical understanding of developments in the subject and curriculum areas, and promote the value of scholarship demonstrate an understanding of and take responsibility for promoting high standards of literacy, articulacy and the correct use of standard English, whatever the teacher's specialist subject if teaching early reading, demonstrate a clear understanding of systematic synthetic phonics if teaching early mathematics, demonstrate a clear understanding of appropriate teaching strategies. 	 Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school's behaviour policy have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly manage classes effectively, using approaches which are appropriate to pupils' needs in order to involve and motivate them maintain good relationships with pupils, exercise appropriate authority, and act decisively when necessary.

 reflect systematically on the effectiveness of lessons and approaches to teaching
 contribute to the design and provision of an engaging curriculum within the relevant subject area(s).
 take responsibility for improving teaching through appropriate professional development, responding to advice and feedback from colleagues
 communicate effectively with parents with regard to pupils' achievements and well-being.

Part 2 of the Teaching Standards: PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

A teacher is expected to demonstrate consistently high standards of personal and professional conduct. The following statements define the behaviour and attitudes which set the required standard for conduct throughout a teacher's career.

- Teachers uphold public trust in the profession and maintain high standards of ethics and behaviour, within and outside school, by:
 - treating pupils with dignity, building relationships rooted in mutual respect, and at all times observing proper boundaries appropriate to a teacher's professional position
 - \circ having regard for the need to safeguard pupils' well-being, in accordance with statutory provisions
 - $\circ \quad$ showing tolerance of and respect for the rights of others
 - not undermining fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect, and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs
 - ensuring that personal beliefs are not expressed in ways which exploit pupils' vulnerability or might lead them to break the law.
- Teachers must have proper and professional regard for the ethos, policies and practices of the school in which they teach, and maintain high standards in their own attendance and punctuality.
- Teachers must have an understanding of, and always act within, the statutory frameworks which set out their professional duties and responsibilities

<u>UPS</u>

The criteria a teacher must meet for UPS are:

- That they are highly competent in all elements of the Teacher Standards.
- That their achievements and contributions to the school are substantial and sustained.

Name of Teacher		Name of	
		Mentor	
Process initiated by		Role	
Nature and evidence of concern.			

Enhancing Teachers Programme Documentation.

Agreed action (with deadlines).	
Monitoring of progress on agreed action.	
Key Performance Indicators.	
i.	
ii. 	
iii.	
Signature of Mentor (Dated)	Signature of Line Manager/Senior Leader (Dated)
I understand that if these targets are not effect	ively addressed, my teaching role may be in
jeopardy and / or I may fail to meet Teachers' S	itandards.
Signature of teacher (Dated)	
Conclusion of process (after 3 weeks).	

Summary of Mentor Meeting.

Date:	Teacher:	Mentor:		
To be completed by Menter and passed to Line Manager				

To be completed by Mentor and passed to Line Manager.

Overall Targets			
1.			
2.			
3.			

Actions towards those targets and the impact of those actions should be discussed at the meeting. Clear actions and targets should be given at the end of each meeting and the imact of this should open the discussions for the following meeting.

Weekly targets and actions from previous meeting.

Week	Date	
1		
2		
3		

Targets for the following week. They should be clear, attainable and with a clear plan of support in place.

<u>Appendix</u>

Evidence informed teaching

We have a strong culture of evidence informed practice at UHS and use the appropriate research for our students. We use research from the Sutton Trust, Hattie, EEF, IEE and always engage with new learning that supports our teaching practice.

The pillars of T&L at Ursuline High School are based on the 5Cs.

John Hattie identifies the following qualities for teachers, which impact student learning the most.

- ✓ Are passionate about helping their students learn
- Monitor their impact on students' learning, and adjust their approaches accordingly
- Are clear about what they want their students to learn
- ✓ Forge strong relationships with their students
- Adopt evidence-based teaching strategies
- Actively seek to improve their own teaching

Why Hattie? His findings are all based on consolidating other studies from hundreds of thousands of students over decades of work. The resulting findings have validity and accuracy. Teachers are far more likely to have a low (or even negative) impact if they

- ✓ Label students (fixed mindset)
- ✓ Have low expectations

Research from the EEF shows that achievement is likely to be maximised when teachers actively present material and structure it by:

- 80 Providing overviews and/or reviews of objectives
- Outlining the content to be covered and signal transitions between different parts of the lesson
- ∞ Calling attention to main ideas
- 🔊 Review main ideas

Teaching and Learning Toolkit | EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org. uk) provides a clear summary of effective strategies balanced against cost, available research and impact.

<u>The 5 Cs</u>

The 5 Cs are a tool devised to streamline planning, ensure consistency, allow subject specific pedagogy and enable staff to focus on engaging and inspiring teaching practice.

The 5Cs are:

- *i.* Challenge.
- *ii. Checking the learning.*
- iii. Consolidation.
- iv. Context.
- v. Culture of encounter.

Below you will find the research on each of the Cs that underpins the practice.

Challenge.

Challenge is not extra work or simply A-Level questions in a GCSE class. Challenge involves making connections among ideas and connecting the material to one's memory and experiences (<u>Research for education inspection framework (publishing.service.gov.uk)</u>).

Challenge is also linked to high expectations, one of the biggest influences on student progress according to numerous studies (EEF, Hattie). Hattie is clear that expert teachers believe all students can reach the success criteria. Intelligence is interchangeable rather than fixed. This means that not only do they have a high respect for their students but that they show a passion that all students can succeed. While passion may be difficult to quantify, students are certainly aware of whether or not their teachers exhibit this passion. In one study of the students of over 3,000 teachers (The Measures of Effective Teaching Project sponsored by the Gates Foundation), students overwhelmingly stated that the teachers of classes with the most student achievement gains were the teachers with the most passion.

Challenge is so that students have high expectations of what they can achieve. Students and teachers should recognise that high expectations and challenge is not reserved for those in top sets or who are labelled as more able. Challenge involves pushing students into the struggle zone where they need to think and where learning takes place. Reiterating the point to students that it is okay to get things wrong, but it is not okay to not try is vital. This requires knowing your subject well:

Articulating challenging aspects of a course or common misconceptions can be motivating when framed appropriately to students (Shaun Allison and Andy Tharby: Making Every Lesson Count).

Hattie and Jessica Goodridge agree on the Goldilocks principle of learning, which proposes that each individual has an optimal difficulty that they perform best in; if the difficulty of the information to be learnt is too difficult the student will not learn much and become uninterested. On the other hand if the information is too easy the student will not feel challenged and become bored (a -0.49 score from Hattie!).

Enabling lessons to be challenging also means knowing your students, which contrasts with what studies show is actually occurring in most classrooms. In one study, (Lingard, 2007), 1,000 classrooms were observed and there were particularly low levels of intellectual demand and an overpowering presence of teachers talking and students sitting passively waiting. Creating challenge is one of the most essential roles of the teacher because this is the essence of how students learn. Challenge depends on what students already know, so teachers must know students' prior levels of achievement and dispositions. To take on a challenge, students need to know about 90 percent of what they are aiming to master in order to enjoy and make the most of the challenge. Overall, challenge can have one of the biggest impacts on progress if it is done correctly, but if not

done can have the biggest negative impact on progress – up to 6 months over a key stage.

Checking the learning.

Feedback is one of the single most powerful influences on student achievement. For feedback to be effective, Hattie argues that it needs to:

- >>> Be clear and mindful of students' prior knowledge.
- ∞ Be directed at the right level, so it can assist students to comprehend, engage, or develop effective strategies to process the information intended to be learnt. Feedback works powerfully when there is a lot of challenge in the task.
- 🔊 Relate to the learning intention and success criteria.
- >>> Occur as the students are doing the learning.
- >>> Provide information on how and why the student has or has not met the success criteria.
- >>> Provide strategies to help the student to improve

Response to intervention is given a score of 1.29, one of the highest possible. The EEF<u>research</u> and OFSTED <u>Research</u> for the EIF shows that as far as effective teaching practice is concerned, there can still be a significant amount of teacher talk for intervention but most of it is focused on academic content, and much of it involves asking questions and giving feedback rather than extended

lecturing. Questioning of pupils by the teacher, and of the teacher by pupils and by pupils of each other, can be used to check pupils' understanding and can help them clarify and verbalise their thinking. This will help them develop a sense of mastery. Effective feedback can add 6 months of impact over an academic year.

Formative assessment involves using assessment in the classroom to raise pupils' achievement. It is based on the idea that pupils will improve most if they understand the aim of their learning, where they are in relation to this aim and how they can achieve the aim (or close the gap in their knowledge). There is a range of evidence that suggests that formative assessment and feedback can improve pupils' learning and attainment. Formative assessment is not just about what learners know or can do, but also about the way that teachers themselves use assessment. Teachers can use assessment to help them plan lessons, adapt lessons to measured gaps in knowledge and skills, and if necessary re-teach where problems persist. AfL needs to be regularly repeated, and instruction adapted to the results of each assessment.

Knowing where the students are in a lesson is imperative for effective feedback. Using mini whiteboards and other means to assess understanding of EVERY student is more effective than feedback that measures progress of a few students at that point in the learning.

Consolidation.

Hattie gives the process of consolidation a score of 0.92 (remember that anything 0.4 or below is not worth the effort). The evidence is clear that subject content and skills is best presented with a degree of repetition, particularly in the form of repeating and reviewing key concepts. Learning is defined as a change in long-term memory. As Sweller and others have pointed out, 'if nothing in the long-term memory has been altered, nothing has been learned'. It is important that we use approaches that help pupils to integrate new knowledge into the long-term memory and make enduring connections that foster understanding. Progress, therefore, means knowing more (including knowing how to do more) and remembering more. When new knowledge and existing knowledge connect in pupils' minds, this gives rise to understanding. As pupils develop unconscious competence and fluency, this will allow them to develop skills, i.e. the capacity to perform complex operations, drawing on what is known.

Evidence shows that it is good practice to block learning and repeat practice over time, as this leads to better long-term retention of knowledge: similar to interleaving. Another important practice for effective retention of knowledge in the long-term memory is retrieval practice, which involves recalling something you have learned in the past and bringing it back to mind; it is far more effective than more frequently used strategies such as re-reading. Retrieval practice strengthens memory and makes it easier to retrieve the information later. It needs to occur a reasonable time after the topic has been initially taught and needs ideally to take the form of testing knowledge, either by the teacher (for example questioning using flash cards, a test or getting pupils to write a concept map) or through pupil self-testing. It is important that feedback on accuracy is provided either by the teacher or by the pupil checking accuracy for themselves (OFSTED<u>Research</u> for EIF).

Context.

EEF, Hattie and OFSTED research all show that context is vital for student progress on several levels. The first is self efficacy, which Hattie assigns a score of 0.92, where the student is given agency over her own learning. To do this, she must know her end goals and the context in which she is learning her current work.

Summary reviews, Big Picture documents, Knowledge Mats and course outlines are important as they integrate and reinforce the learning of major points. These structuring elements not only

facilitate the memorising of information but allow pupils to understand it as an integrated whole, and to recognise the relationships between the parts. Effective teachers are able to communicate this clearly and directly with their pupils, without going beyond pupils' levels of comprehension.

Culture of encounter.

There are 2 parts to the culture of encounter and they are both linked with our diversity and racial justice work on the curriculum.

<u>Part 1:</u>

Pope Francis suggests that the word "encounter" is central to the way he thinks of Christian relationships. He encourages the faithful to be fearless in the ways in which they look beyond their own needs and desires to those of others. (sic) "in this 'stepping out' of ourselves it is important to be ready for encounter. For me this word is very important. Encounter with others... Because faith is an encounter with Jesus, and we must do what Jesus does: encounter others." For Pope Francis, a Culture of Encounter is a goal for human society to facilitate the right relationship among humans and involves a spirituality that emphasizes a personal friendship with God who first encounters us in love. Spiritually, Encounter, means more than just meeting someone. An encounter between God and one's self begins first and foremost by acknowledging that we are being encountered by our Creator who loves us infinitely—an encounter requires a dynamic back and forth between two entities. There is a dynamism to the encounter: the event of an encounter happens when that invitation is acknowledged and responded to by a human being. There is a divine vulnerability to reaching out to another in the hope of a response. Without this willingness to engage, listen and learn, understanding our students and their lived in experiences becomes more difficult and the ability to form relationships in the classroom becomes impacted: the fourth quality for an outstanding teacher (forge strong relationships with their students) becomes impossible.

<u>Part 2:</u>

This leads directly from the first part and is a mantra that Hattie espouses: Know thy impact. "The next time you go into a classroom in your school, don't worry about what the teacher is teaching. The only reason you should go into a classroom is to watch what the students are learning – it is the impact of the teaching that is of interest. We work in many classrooms where there is no connection between what the teacher is doing and what the students are doing. In fact, Graham Nuthall's research (Nuthall, 2007) found that teachers have no awareness of between 60-80 per cent of what happens in their classroom every day. He also discovered students already know between 40-50 per cent of what the teacher is teaching." Without knowing your students, the impact of your teaching, challenge, engagement, consolidation, context all become insurmountable barriers to effective teaching practice.

Subject specific research – what is the research that underpins the pedagogy in your subject?

Promoting Catholic Social Teaching through our Mission Statement, Values and Leavers Profile.

Checking the Learning	Challenge	Context	Consolidation	Culture of Encounter
ç ç				
Understanding is systematically	The practitioner:	The practitioner:	Rigorous and frequent retrieval	The practitioner:
and effectively checked during			practice is seen in lessons with	Establishes a safe & stimulating
learning to clear up	Understands clearly that	Has excellent subject &	a range of activity types used	environment for students.
misconceptions. This checking	challenge is students using	curriculum knowledge.	from Free Recall to Cued Recall.	environment for students.
has a visible impact on	learnt knowledge and fluent			Has a secure understanding of
teaching during the lesson,	retrieval of this knowledge to	Sequences the work	Students show fluency in	how a range of factors can
notably improving the quality	apply, synthesise and draw their	appropriately so that there is	retrieving knowledge from long	inhibit student's ability to learn
of learning.	own conclusions and theories.	clear progression through the	term memory and can	and understands how to
		course.	articulate this verbally and in	actively overcome these.
A variety of techniques are used	Shows effective use of the		written form.	
to check the learning of every	principles of working memory	Is able to activate prior learning.		Has high expectations of
student such that	ightarrow long term memory in their		Students are able to apply their	behaviour in lessons which
misconceptions and gaps can be	planning and student learning.	Fosters & maintains students'	knowledge to unfamiliar	leads to high levels of self-
closed immediately at both an		interests in the subject.	context, drawing together	motivation & active
individual and classroom level.	Carefully activates prior		different elements of the course	engagement in learning.
	learning to build schema on	Addresses misunderstandings.	with a high degree of	
Students consistently receive	which new learning can be built		competency and fluency.	Effectively uses the school
feedback, in line with school	and progressively larger	Has a critical understanding of		behaviour policy to promote
policy, that enables them to	"chunks" of knowledge can be	developments in the subject &	There is clear evidence of	excellent behaviour for
make clear and sustained	learnt (The more you know, the	curriculum area.	consolidation and interweaving	learning.
progress.	more you can learn).	Contributes to the desire 0	in the planning that fully	Effectively uses the Universal
Chudanta consistantly reasing	Chause offective and impossible	Contributes to the design &	enables students to access the	Strategies and student specific
Students consistently receive	Shows effective and impactful	provision of an engaging	linear style exams.	strategies to ensure that SEND
feedback that deepens the	use of modelling and scaffolds	curriculum.	Students are exposed to	students access the learning in
learning. This can take the form of several different methods.	the learning in such a way that	Knows the work the students	different elements of the course	the classroom as effectively as
or several different methods.	all students can make progress towards aspirational objectives.	did at Ks2 and previous years.	on a frequent basis so as to	their peers.
	towarus aspirational objectives.	The teacher also knows where	better make links to previous	then peers.
		the students need to be by the	learnt content.	
		the students need to be by the		

Research informed standards for an expert practitioner at Ursuline High School.

Students regularly and visibly	Is able to evaluate the	end of each key stage and can		Actively promotes the building
act on this feedback to make	effectiveness of teaching	plan appropriately. This fully	Students are able to articulate	of relationships rooted in
progress.	strategies used to engage &	informs their teaching.	how to revise in this subject and	mutual respect reflecting British
	support all students.		employ a range of techniques	values.
Relevant data is used to			that enables learning, recall and	
monitor progress, set targets	Actively provides opportunities	Students can:	application.	Actively provides opportunities
and plan subsequent lessons.	for students to develop a sense	Articulate the purpose of their		for students to make decisions,
	of awe & wonder in their	lessons and where it fits in with		reflect on their learning about
Students' work is accurately	learning.	the wider picture.		themselves, others and the
graded and levelled.				world; particularly with regard
		Articulate the Golden Threads		to the wider community and
The teacher uses feedback to	Students:	in their subject and use this to		those from diverse
reflect on the effectiveness of	Understand and can articulate	draw together the different		backgrounds.
lessons & teaching strategies.	their meta learning for this	themes and elements of the		
This impacts planning and	subject.	course to create their own		Actively promotes a respect for
sequencing in the immediate		conclusions and analysis.		equality and diversity through
term. Effective teachers "know	Understand why work should			modelling tolerance in a diverse
thy impact".	be challenging in order for them			society.
	to progress further in their			
	learning.			Actively and effectively delivers
				anti-racist education.
	Embrace challenge and			
	mistakes as an opportunity to			Actively encourages and seeks
	learn.			opportunity for a culture of
				encounter in their teaching
				practice.
				References the protected
				characteristics in their teaching
				practice and confidently
				addresses issues relating to
				them with students.